

# ALIENISTS TESTIFY IN BRADLEY CASE

Dr. Hill Believes Defendant Shot Brown Intentionally, Under Impression She Did Right.

DR. EVANS SAYS WAS INSANE

Texas Case Expert Declares She Couldn't Distinguish Between Right and Wrong.

She Wrote When Brown's Love Letters Were Read—Was Recalled to Witness Stand.

Washington, Nov. 26.—Two distinguished alienists testified today that Mrs. Annie M. Bradley was insane when she shot and killed former Senator Brown of Utah. Both of the experts have national reputations and have figured prominently in trials of undoubted importance. They were Dr. Charles Hill of Baltimore, professor of nervous and mental diseases at the Baltimore Medical college, and Dr. James D. Evans of New York, a member of the board of directors of the New Jersey hospital for the insane. Dr. Evans was one of the experts who testified in the Thaw case in New York. Both were very positive that Mrs. Bradley was insane and could not distinguish between right and wrong.

Dr. Evans was severe in characterizing the conduct of Senator Brown in performing criminal operations on the defendant, which brought an admonition from the court in the form of a suggestion that Senator Brown was not on trial and could not defend himself, and his name was only to be used when absolutely necessary to show his domination over the defendant.

The defense finished their testimony this morning. The battle of the alienists in the trial of Annie M. Bradley, charged with murdering former United States Senator Arthur Brown in this city, was well launched today when the defense placed on the stand Dr. Charles Hill of Baltimore, Dr. James D. Evans of New York, Dr. Edward S. Brush of Baltimore, Dr. Barton's testimony of yesterday was considered very strong for the defense, but the finding of Dr. Evans in this case, and the fact that he testified in favor of Harry K. Thaw, was sufficient reason for attracting more than the usual crowd who began to assemble long before the doors in the court room were opened.

TO AD DISTRICT ATTORNEY.

Dr. Jelliffe and Brush had prepared previous testimony, and the testimony was prepared today, through Dr. Jelliffe, to subject the alienists for the defense to a severe test.

The first testimony through which Mrs. Bradley had passed yesterday was not fully understood by the jury, and they learned that the defendant had barely escaped fainting several times.

When the court assembled this morning the thoughtfulness of the attendance was evident. The defendant, back on her feet, occupied the straight-backed chair in the center of the courtroom, and she was profuse in her thanks. She appeared to be in better spirits than yesterday. It was decided not to call Dr. Evans as the first witness, and when Dr. Evans testified in the trial of Mrs. Bradley's behalf, she gave strict attention to the statements. The testimony of Hill was at first as strong as of Evans, but it was not an expert, less interest was attached to it.

Dr. Hill testified that he was in Washington on the day of the tragedy and stayed at the hotel where the shooting occurred. He saw Mrs. Bradley that day and first observed her in the ladies' sitting room. That was about noon.

NOW MRS. BRADLEY LOOKED.

"Somebody rushed by me," he said. "I looked up and saw this lady (looking at Mrs. Bradley). She looked to me like an intelligent woman, but said nothing to me. She bumped into me and then another. She had a peculiar drawn face; talked to herself, muttering and wringing her hands. I saw her again and she changed her expression. At a sudden she began laughing. It was a hysterical laugh, and she appeared to cry and she went away."

Dr. Evans testified that he went down to the lobby and prepared to go out when he saw Mrs. Bradley enter the lobby. She made two or three steps and then before deciding to leave the hotel.

On cross-examination witness said Mrs. Bradley appeared to him later to be "frenzied" and that she had an idiotic laugh.

DR. CHAS. G. HILL.

Dr. Charles G. Hill, of Baltimore, called in behalf of the defense, was placed on the stand. He is a specialist in nervous diseases and is now professor of nervous and mental diseases at the Baltimore Medical college. He stated that the hypothesis of the defense made him believe that the person in question was insane on Dec. 8, 1906.

He said, "I think that the parts of the testimony of distinguishing between right and wrong at that time, I don't believe she was able to control herself to avoid the wrong."

Cross-examination he said he was in the opinion that the fact that the hypothesis of the defense made him believe that the person in question was insane on Dec. 8, 1906.

# SHOT BROWN INTENTIONALLY.

Dr. Hill believed that Mrs. Bradley shot Senator Brown intentionally but that in her aberration she believed that she was doing right. A sane man in such a frame of mind will, he said, consider the wrong thing is the right thing.

He did not find any connection between the nature of her insanity and that of her relatives. The hereditary taint merely predisposed her toward insanity, but there would not necessarily be any connection between the kinds of insanity.

As far as he could judge, she was insane in the winter of 1906, there having been some mental disturbance in December, 1905. At her premature birth, seven months before her act, there was no evidence of insanity but there was great mental disturbance.

Dr. Hill was closely questioned by Mr. Baker as to his opinion of Mrs. Bradley's mind when, just before coming to Washington, she started for Ogden.

The witness declared that Mrs. Bradley was in a confused state of mind.

The uncertainty of aim on her part, he said, proved this. He would not admit that the trip to Ogden in December last was but a ruse. "Insane people," he said, "carry out their purposes in the most ingenious manner. The idea of coming to Washington, however, was firmly fixed in her mind."

SAYS SHE WAS INSANE.

Dr. Hill reiterated his statement that Mrs. Bradley was still insane two days afterward, when, on being interviewed, she sprang from her cot at the mention of the name of Mrs. Adams and covered up her head.

HAD TOXIC INSANITY.

Dr. Hill said Mrs. Bradley was suffering from toxic insanity as early as December, 1905. He said that the insanity continued until she shot Senator Brown. "If this was continuing insanity it would be apt to continue on would it not?" witness was asked.

He replied that conditions might cause this toxic insanity to disappear. There are times, he said, when the toxic insanity is thrown off. He did not know what form of toxic insanity Mrs. Bradley had, as there are many forms. He said it frequently happens that a prisoner when sentenced is more calm than at any other time.

Some forms of toxic insanity, he said, do produce hallucinations. It frequently happens that melancholy only is the result.

Mr. Baker, prompted by Dr. Jelliffe and Brush, went on to ask Dr. Hill into the subject of insanity caused by toxic poisoning.

He said cocaine, morphine, delirium of typhoid and pneumonia would cause insanity. Some of these forms of insanity, he said, produced melancholy while others developed hallucinations.

He was shown letters written six months before the tragedy by the defendant and agreed with the district attorney that the letters were well written and that the handwriting was good.

DR. EVANS DRAMATIC.

Dr. Evans' testimony was dramatic. He spoke sympathetically of Mrs. Bradley and referred contemptuously to Senator Brown for his treatment of her. All of which he said preyed on his mind and unseated her reason.

He declared that Brown, by his own hand, had destroyed the children which he had begotten. His reference to Senator Brown was so pointed and dramatic that Dr. Evans' testimony was well received and that the handwriting was good.

DR. EVANS DRAMATIC.

Dr. Evans' testimony was dramatic. He spoke sympathetically of Mrs. Bradley and referred contemptuously to Senator Brown for his treatment of her. All of which he said preyed on his mind and unseated her reason.

He declared that Brown, by his own hand, had destroyed the children which he had begotten. His reference to Senator Brown was so pointed and dramatic that Dr. Evans' testimony was well received and that the handwriting was good.

DR. EVANS DRAMATIC.

Dr. Evans' testimony was dramatic. He spoke sympathetically of Mrs. Bradley and referred contemptuously to Senator Brown for his treatment of her. All of which he said preyed on his mind and unseated her reason.

He declared that Brown, by his own hand, had destroyed the children which he had begotten. His reference to Senator Brown was so pointed and dramatic that Dr. Evans' testimony was well received and that the handwriting was good.

DR. EVANS DRAMATIC.

Dr. Evans' testimony was dramatic. He spoke sympathetically of Mrs. Bradley and referred contemptuously to Senator Brown for his treatment of her. All of which he said preyed on his mind and unseated her reason.

He declared that Brown, by his own hand, had destroyed the children which he had begotten. His reference to Senator Brown was so pointed and dramatic that Dr. Evans' testimony was well received and that the handwriting was good.

DR. EVANS DRAMATIC.

Dr. Evans' testimony was dramatic. He spoke sympathetically of Mrs. Bradley and referred contemptuously to Senator Brown for his treatment of her. All of which he said preyed on his mind and unseated her reason.

# GREAT NORTHERN TRAIN ROBBERS.



ED. SMITH. CHARLES McDONALD.

# Great Northern Train Robbers Were Here.

Postoffice Inspector and Police Trying to Locate \$25,604 of \$40,000 Stolen—One of the Robbers Was a Pal of McNearney, Onyx Bank Holdup.

Postoffice Inspector J. Beeler of Spokane, Wash., is here looking up the records of Ed Smith and Charles McDonald, who are under arrest at Kallispell, Mont., on the charge of holding up the Great Northern train at Rondo a few weeks ago and stealing therefrom \$40,000 cash from the mail car. Inspector Beeler has secured some valuable information from the police department and local officers are working with him in the hope of recovering \$25,604, which is believed to be concealed somewhere in the vicinity of Salt Lake.

The men were captured on the diner of a train going into Spokane on Oct. 25, by detectives of the Great Northern. They had been tracked from Salt Lake to Bonners Ferry, Ida., and thence to Spokane. When arrested the men had on them \$14,396 of the \$40,000 stolen from the mail car.

PAL OF MCNEARNEY.

Ed Smith, the smaller of the two robbers, has been identified by his picture as the pal of McNearney, the hold-up man who is now serving a sentence of 20 years in the Utah state prison for the holdup and robbery at Jas. McNearney's saloon. Smith was brought to this city with McNearney by Capt. Burdick. He was released and it was understood that he would make an effort to recover some of the property stolen from the mail car on the night of the holdup. But Smith failed to show up again and gave McNearney the "double cross." McNearney was convicted and sentenced to 20 years in the Utah state prison.

BLEW OPEN CAR.

The Great Northern holdup occurred at Rondo, Mont. The train was blowing open the express car. Finding nothing of great value in the car, they turned their attention to the mail car. Several sacks of mail were cut open but nothing was found until they came to a sack containing registered packages. The packages contained \$40,000 in bills. The money was quickly extracted.

# CARNEGIE'S RULE FOR HAPPINESS

It is Simply This: To Obey the Judge Within, and Make Others Happy.

# CELEBRATES HIS BIRTHDAY.

Passes the Ostrich Mark by Ten Years—A Man's Efficiency is Increased at Seventy.

New York, Nov. 26.—Hale and hearty, in spite of his 70 years, Andrew Carnegie standing beside a table piled with messages of congratulation on his birthday, gave a rule for happiness. The rule is this: "To obey the judge within, and make others happy."

"If the judge within give a clear verdict, we have no other judge to fear here or hereafter."

"But after satisfying that judge, above all else the way to be happy is to make others happy."

"Can a man accomplish as much at 70 as at 40?" he was asked.

"More, bless you, more," replied Mr. Carnegie.

"All things being equal, a man's efficiency is increased at 70. He is equipped with greater experience. The world is growing better, and it follows that the men in it grow better as they grow older."

"I have here on my wall two rules which young men should bear in mind."

Mr. Carnegie pointed to opposite sides of the study where were emblazoned in letters of gilt:

and the robbers disappeared in the darkness.

ROBBERS HAD "FUN."

Sheriffs and detectives were immediately sent to work on hunt down the men, but for a long time no trace of them could be found. The robbers came to Salt Lake and took rooms at the Orpheum roominghouse on State street. They were there from Oct. 8 to the 13th, when they left for Idaho. Their movements were traced from Salt Lake to Bonners Ferry, where they had a wild time, spending money freely and exhibiting big bills. One of their favorite pastimes was to purchase \$20 worth of beer, place the same in large glasses on the bar, and then with clubs knock the amber fluid and glass all over the place. They paid for the glasses, bought wine and treated any and everybody who happened to enter the saloon where the "fun" was going on.

MEN ARE CAPTURED.

From Bonners Ferry they were traced by detectives until located on the train running into Spokane. The men were on the diner at the time when Detective Knight, Broyles and another officer in the employ of the Great Northern, covered them with revolvers. When searched the two men had on them \$14,396 of the \$40,000 stolen from the mail car. The prisoners were taken to Kallispell, Mont., where they are now in jail awaiting trial.

NO DOUBT OF IDENTITY.

That Smith and McDonald are the men who committed the daring crime there is not the least doubt in the mind of the postoffice officials or the local police. The men came here immediately after the robbery and took rooms at the Orpheum hotel. They had plenty of money but were not seen much on the street. Smith is the more frequently seen of the two. While McDonald kept under cover, they sent for two women of Butte and promised to set them up in "business" on Commercial street. On the 12th of Oct. the men disappeared and were next heard of in Idaho. The women returned to Butte. The \$25,604 was

# WESTON'S WALK ALMOST OVER

Nothing Happening, He Will Reach Chicago, His Goal, About Noon Tomorrow.

WILL BEAT HIS OWN RECORD.

Great and Aged Pedestrian Finishing His 1,230 Mile Trip at Rate of Five Miles An Hour.

Chicago, Nov. 26.—Edward Payson Weston started on the last stage of his record-breaking journey from Portland, Me., at 11 a. m. today when he set out from Chesterton, Ind., where he had passed the morning in resting.

According to his present plans, he will arrive at the Chicago Beach hotel, seven miles from the center of the city at midnight. There he will rest again, completing the walk to the Chicago postoffice, where the trip is to end, before noon tomorrow.

The last miles of the journey from South Bend to Chesterton, were negotiated at a pace which proved the veteran pedestrian's endurance superior to that of a team of horses, which accompanied him from South Bend. The animals gave out after following the walker 50 miles and they could not be induced to proceed until they had been fed and rested.

WILL BEAT HIS RECORD.

His record for the distance made when he was 25 years of age was 26 secular days, for Weston never walks on Sunday. If he finishes his present performance in Chicago this afternoon, he will have beaten the record of his young days by several hours.

According to the dispatches sent out from towns at which he has touched along the route, Weston has been going faster rather than slower, in his promenade for many days past. For some time he was troubled with acute

indigestion, which hampered his speed. Of late, however, he has been in perfect physical condition, and has been averaging the miles at the rate of five per hour with as little apparent trouble as the average hiker negotiates the distance between the club and the motor car at the city.

READY TO RECEIVE HIM.

The New Illinois Athletic club will have a reception committee in automobiles at South Chicago to meet Weston when he hits that part of the route. There will also be a detachment of the First regiment, as a guard of honor, and a band of music.

Not the least interesting part of the throng that will greet Weston will be the old timers who cheered him when he entered Chicago 40 years ago. There are thousands of men still living who were present when Weston came down Michigan avenue on Nov. 28, 1867, whipping his muscles to further activity with a short "swagger stick," which he carried. Among the features of the reception will be the appearance of Alderman Mangler, on Michigan avenue and Twenty-second street, driving a "one-horse show," exactly the same vehicle was used in 1867 by S. D. McDonald, Sr., when he drove to welcome Weston.

The long hike of Weston was begun on Oct. 23, when he left the postoffice at Portland bearing a letter which he delivered at the postoffice in Chicago to the postmaster or his representative. Weston's schedule called for his arrival here by Nov. 27, but he has consistently kept ahead of his schedule. If he reaches the city this afternoon he will beat the record of 1867 by nearly 24 hours.

HAS HAD DIFFICULTIES.

Weston has met with a good deal of difficulty on the present trip because of muddy roads, but in spite of that he has been steadily maintaining his advantage over the demands of his schedule. The only advantage the pedestrian has in his present attempt in comparison with the walk when he was a young man is that the roads on the average are much better now than they were then over the route traversed.

During the entire trip west Weston has been met with much enthusiasm along the route towns turning out en masse to greet him.

It is stated that Weston intends to make a lecture out of his experience on the present trip. He has already done a considerable amount of lecturing work and is declared to have made a success of it. Weston is a most enthusiastic believer in the virtues of walking, which he pronounces a cure-all for the ills of humanity.

Weston's walk of 40 years ago ended on Nov. 27, the date of departure from Portland being the same as on the present attempt. He reached Chicago in the morning, and it was estimated that he was welcomed by a throng of 50,000 persons, who cheered his pluck and persistence to the end. The occasion, however, took on the nature of a public holiday, and many shops closed so that the employer might take part in the reception.

His arrival in Chicago on that occasion was the finale to a walk which had interested almost the entire country.

# WRONGED HUSBAND INVOKES UNWRITTEN LAW

Williamport, Pa., Nov. 26.—Ross Lepard, aged 37 years, is in the hospital in a dying condition from a pistol wound in the breast, while E. B. Shadle, who confessed to the shooting, is in jail.

Mrs. Shadle, the cause of the shooting, is also a prisoner. Shadle watched outside his home last night, saw Lepard go in, listened at the door, then entered and shot him. The shooting followed. Shadle says the man and woman were together in a compromising position. Mrs. Shadle declares that they were only chatting in a friendly way. After the first shot was fired, Lepard, who was unarmed, picked up a pistol both men landed on the sidewalk. The pistol was dropped in the scuffle and Shadle then used a black jack. Lepard's condition was so serious that he could not be able to make a statement. Mrs. Shadle says her husband first offered her the alternative of suicide either by pistol or carbolic acid. A bottle of the acid was found on Shadle.

# FOSTERING ANARCHY.

President Accused of it Because U. S. Sailors Played Baseball Sunday.

New York, Nov. 26.—President Roosevelt and the United States government are fostering anarchy," was the startling announcement made by Roy, Dr. Mulcahy at the annual meeting of the International Sabbath Alliance of which he is president. Briefs have been prepared and sent to Washington and next week President Roosevelt and Secy. McElwain will have to put themselves on record on the subject.

The communication of the president and of the government is based on the facts that the sailors at League Island navy-yard, near Philadelphia were allowed to play baseball on Sunday in spite of the protests of the alliance.

He left the car and upon the platform met H. O. Young, a long telegrapher followed in which Dr. McElwain, uncle of Isabel and co-guardian at the Alta club Sunday night. Gradually he followed a train back for Salt Lake and kept his agreement. In a private room at the Alta club the doctor was ushered into Prof. McLaughlin's presence. Prof. McLaughlin told the doctor that Miss Evans had made serious charges against him and he must relinquish all hold upon Isabel, his charge by law only. "You must have gone and get out entirely," was the gist of Prof. McLaughlin's words. "As blood relatives of a dead man and woman, we will not and have control of their daughter."

Dr. McElwain did not withdraw or relinquish his legal right readily he begged to be left alone, denying that he had wronged Miss Evans, but Prof. McLaughlin would listen to nothing but a complete relinquishment of authority. Finally as the gray, cold dawn announced the arrival of a new day the doctor backed convulsively. Greatly distressed and dashed off the following note:

"Alta Club, Salt Lake, Nov. 24. "In the district court of Summit county, state of Utah. "In the matter of the appointment of a guardian of the person and estate of Isabel Lois McLaughlin, a minor. "I hereby respectfully withdraw my petition for the appointment of myself to be one of the guardians of said minor, for the reason that Andrew C. McLaughlin, one of the petitioners, does not wish to be appointed a light guardian with any other person."

"WILLIAM A. McENERY."

STORY NOT TOLD.

With this document in his pocket Prof. McLaughlin hurried to Conville Monday morning and when the matter of Dr. McElwain's guardianship of Isabel Lois McLaughlin, a minor, was brought up he handed the document to the court. That Miss Evans was not called in the stand to state her story and a verdict was out of immediately. The court then stood to testify Prof. McLaughlin, who

# DOCTOR LOSES IN BITTER CONTEST

Wm. A. McEnery Forced to Relinquish Hold Upon Isabel Lois McLaughlin.

MERE GIRL IS RICH HEIRESS.

Her Mother's Relatives Wage Successful War Against Dis-trusted Step-Father.

English Nurse Unravels Gaily Secret of Past, Affording Excellent Wedge For Prying Purposes.

What may prove as complicated a scandal as Salt Lake has seen for some time came to light yesterday when Dr. W. A. McEnery was served with papers in a breach of promise suit for \$25,000 to be instituted against him by Miss Edith Evans, now a nurse in the employ of the Murray hospital. Dr. McEnery became prominent in Utah circles when he married Mrs. Henrietta McLaughlin, about three years ago. When Mrs. McEnery, nee McLaughlin died, some time ago he was named in her will as guardian of her daughter, Isabel, now in her sixteenth year.

Behind this summary is a story—a long story. Mrs. McLaughlin was the widow of David C. McLaughlin, who accumulated a good sized fortune in Park City. He died some years ago and the widow came to Salt Lake with her daughter, Isabel, and a nurse, Mrs. McLaughlin's health began failing and doctors said she had "gone wrong," according to her to go to Europe and while at Monte Carlo had a quantity of diamonds and jewelry stolen. The rumor was never run to earth—although there are many who believe it. They think they know who turned the trick, but that point cannot be given space here. Among the tourists at the resort was one Dr. William A. McEnery, an Englishman, who had a perfect command of the English language and was immaculate in dress. He sympathized deeply with the American widow who had lost her jewelry and a companion-ship grew between them. Then came love, at least the belief of some, and finally the American widow became Mrs. William A. McEnery, the ceremony being performed in Washington.

RUMORS THICK AND FAST.

Some months ago Mrs. McEnery died and her will made the widower Miss McLaughlin's guardian. It was not long before rumors began to fly in the air and readers of a local weekly paper were astonished one day to read that Dr. McEnery and step-daughter were going to London. Everybody had an explanation of the rumor, but no guesses were different. It was known that Dr. McEnery had failed to impress relatives of Mrs. McLaughlin, afterwards his wife, and stood in no favorable light with his relatives. They could not bring themselves to receive the smooth, elegant gentleman with open arms, yet were powerless to do anything when he became custodian of Isabel.

No play could have been built better than this bit of tragedy, for just when it looked as if the doctor was going to win in his contest for the control of Isabel and her fortune, the control came from an entirely new source. Miss Edith Evans, a young woman, 25 years old, came to the front and made serious declarations against McEnery. As a result, McEnery's qualifications to become Isabel's guardian was stated to be held in Covaline, the seat of Summit county, Saturday. Miss Evans was taken along to testify in disqualification of the doctor. McEnery left Salt Lake Saturday to return to St. Louis, where he has been living since the death of his wife, and at Ogden was surprised to see a number of his relative-in-law on the train. He arose from his seat and held out his hand to Mrs. E. Bird, his sister-in-law. Miss Evans followed and she became greatly excited upon coming face to face with the man whom she asserts betrayed her. H. O. Young, father of Mrs. McLaughlin, Mrs. Bird and other sisters, then appeared. There was no meeting of words at the coach and served the summons upon the doctor, now pale and speechless.

NO MINING OF WORDS.

He left the car and upon the platform met H. O. Young, a long telegrapher followed in which Dr. McEnery, uncle of Isabel and co-guardian at the Alta club Sunday night. Gradually he followed a train back for Salt Lake and kept his agreement. In a private room at the Alta club the doctor was ushered into Prof. McLaughlin's presence. Prof. McLaughlin told the doctor that Miss Evans had made serious charges against him and he must relinquish all hold upon Isabel, his charge by law only. "You must have gone and get out entirely," was the gist of Prof. McLaughlin's words. "As blood relatives of a dead man and woman, we will not and have control of their daughter."

Dr. McEnery did not withdraw or relinquish his legal right readily he begged to be left alone, denying that he had wronged Miss Evans, but Prof. McLaughlin would listen to nothing but a complete relinquishment of authority. Finally as the gray, cold dawn announced the arrival of a new day the doctor backed convulsively. Greatly distressed and dashed off the following note:

"Alta Club, Salt Lake, Nov. 24. "In the district court of Summit county, state of Utah. "In the matter of the appointment of a guardian of the person and estate of Isabel Lois McLaughlin, a minor. "I hereby respectfully withdraw my petition for the appointment of myself to be one of the guardians of said minor, for the reason that Andrew C. McLaughlin, one of the petitioners, does not wish to be appointed a light guardian with any other person."

"WILLIAM A. McENERY."

STORY NOT TOLD.

With this document in his pocket Prof. McLaughlin hurried to Conville Monday morning and when the matter of Dr. McElwain's guardianship of Isabel Lois McLaughlin, a minor, was brought up he handed the document to the court. That Miss Evans was not called in the stand to state her story and a verdict was out of immediately. The court then stood to testify Prof. McLaughlin, who

# STREETCAR MEN ARRESTED.

Louisville, Nov. 26.—Over 30 of the street car men are in the county jail today, having been arrested on a charge of rioting. They were taken from a Fourth avenue car. A number of the men are alleged to have confessed that the attack on the car was the result of a carefully planned strike on the part of a body of strikers and many arrests will be made.

# STREETCAR MEN ARRESTED.

Louisville, Nov. 26.—Over 30 of the street car men are in the county jail today, having been arrested on a charge of rioting. They were taken from a Fourth avenue car. A number of the men are alleged to have confessed that the attack on the car was the result of a carefully planned strike on the part of a body of strikers and many arrests will be made.

# STREETCAR MEN ARRESTED.

Louisville, Nov. 26.—Over 30 of the street car men are in the county jail today, having been arrested on a charge of rioting. They were taken from a Fourth avenue car. A number of the men are alleged to have confessed that the attack on the car was the result of a carefully planned strike on the part of a body of strikers and many arrests will be made.

# STREETCAR MEN ARRESTED.

Louisville, Nov. 26.—Over 30 of the street car men are in the county jail today, having been arrested on a charge of rioting. They were taken from a Fourth avenue car. A number of the men are alleged to have confessed that the attack on the car was the result of a carefully planned strike on the part of a body of strikers and many arrests will be made.

# STREETCAR MEN ARRESTED.

Louisville, Nov. 26.—Over 30 of the street car men are in the county jail today, having been arrested on a charge of rioting. They were taken from a Fourth avenue car. A number of the men are alleged to have confessed that the attack on the car was the result of a carefully planned strike on the part of a body of strikers and many arrests will be made.